

**40069 to 40071.**

From Lawang, Java. Presented by Mr. M. Buysman, Botanic Gardens.  
Received March 3, 1915.

**40069.** ARCHONTOPHOENIX ALEXANDRAE (Muell.) Wendl. and Drude.  
Phœnicaceæ. Palm.

A showy and elegant palm, completely spineless, and with tall, stout, 70 to 80 foot trunks, which are conspicuously ringed by the annular scars of the fallen leaves. Leaves divaricate, terminal, several feet long, forming a large crown, pinnately divided, the segments entire or toothed, numerous, the longer ones  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet long, one-half to 1 inch broad, acuminate and entire or slightly notched, green above, ashy glaucous beneath; in very young specimens the leaves are undivided or simply bipartite; midrib prominent, the ribs more slender; rachis very broad and thick, glabrous or slightly scurfy, keeled above, convex beneath, the petiole slightly tomentose, and channeled above; inflorescence appearing much below the leaves, about 1 foot long, consisting of two long flattened, ultimately pendent and deciduous spathes, inclosing the short-peduncled and much-branched, pendulous spadices; flowers monœcious, greenish yellow, sessile on the branches of the spadix; in male flowers the eight perianth segments are unique in the family; female flowers with three perianth segments, sometimes more; fruit a drupe, ovoid globular, containing a single fibrous seed. Seldom ripening fruit on plants cultivated outdoors in California, and rather tender when young. Native of Queensland. (Adapted from Norman Taylor. In Bailey, *Standard Cyclopædia of Horticulture*.)

**40070.** CASSIA GRANDIS L. f. Cæsalpiniaceæ.

See S. P. I. Nos. 26170, 33781, and 36714 for previous introductions and descriptions.

**40071.** SPATHODEA NILOTICA Seemann. Bignoniaceæ.

*Distribution.*—A bushy tree 15 to 20 feet high with racemes of large scarlet flowers, found in the upper Nile Valley, in Kongo Free State, and in German East Africa.

**40072 and 40073.**

From Guayaquil, Ecuador. Presented by Mr. Frederick W. Goding, American consul. Received March 3, 1915. Quoted notes by Mr. Goding.

**40072.** PASSIFLORA sp. Passifloraceæ. Passion fruit.

"Seeds collected from plants growing 10,000 feet above sea level."

**40073.** PRUNUS SALICIFOLIA H. B. K. Amygdalaceæ. Wild cherry.

"*Capulies*. Wild cherry; grows in cold districts."

See S. P. I. Nos. 36371 and 38637 for previous introductions and descriptions.

**40074.** ENKIANTHUS CAMPANULATUS (Miq.) Nichols. Ericaceæ.

From Jamaica Plain, Mass. Presented by the Arnold Arboretum. Received March 8, 1915.

Wilson No. 6897. A variety collected in Japan by Mr. E. H. Wilson.

The species is described as "a deciduous shrub usually 4 to 6 feet high, occasionally a small tree, branches in whorls; young shoots smooth, reddish.